

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

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HOADLY IS NOMINATED.

Struggle for the Ohio Democratic
Gubernatorial Nomination.

Delegates Sweltered From the Intensity of Their Convictions—Turbulent Balloting After Days and Nights of Exhausting Work Decision on the Second Ballot.

COLUMBUS, O., June 21.—The Democrats of Ohio to-day reached the climax of the ardent contest that has for weeks been going on in their ranks for the gubernatorial nomination. Many an interesting State Convention has the party held, but this surpassed all for eagerness, energy and tremendous hard work, most of which was in behalf of Hoadly and Ward. The other candidates and their respective friends held, however, no prominent place in the struggle, but their interest was chiefly to keep in line, watch dictations, and be ready for any emergency that would assist the probable election of the less prominent in the talk, persuasion, hand shaking and argument of the hour. When the convention assembled every delegate was confident that his candidate held the odds of success and this confidence was but a reflection of what the candidates themselves felt. Indeed the steady observers outside of factional influence and enthusiasm were bothered in forming predictions, and if news from one quarter pronounced a surety of this man's success it was offset on the other hand by convictions equally as strong that the other man would be nominated. In a line, every idea as to the outcome of the balloting was subjected to whirling confusion and rampant partisanship. After everybody had done his best, to lessen the chances of his candidates opponents, he was called to meet the return charges and this he did with industrious effort and rock ribbed determination not to leave the field until the battle was won. In no convention for years have the delegates held out with greater vigor and tirelessness.

When the convention assembled at 10 a. m., in Comstock's Opera House, the galleries, balconies and every bit of space not assigned to delegates was crowded with spectators. The air was full of enthusiasm. The Ward men yelled lustily for their favorite candidate, while among the delegates there was tremendous confusion and bickering. The candidates themselves seemed to consider a nomination equal to an election. Durbin Ward said, in his serene speech last night: "If it should be the pleasure of this convention to nominate me, I intend to carry your banner to triumphant victory." Judge Hoadly showed an equal confidence in his speech. It appeared as if the convention never would get down to work. The chairman called and hammered in vain, but in time it was quiet enough for Clark Irvine to say a few words and call for the reports of committees. That, on organization, reported the Hon. John McSweeney permanent chairman. He was introduced and received with great applause.

Mr. McSweeney, in his address, congratulated the party on the great gathering, and praised it for its past labor and faithfulness. He implored the Democrats to vote for the prohibition of the Republican party, and was long and loudly applauded. Wm. G. Braiding, of Gallia county, was chosen Permanent Secretary.

The Committee on Credentials reported decisions on a few contests, but that on resolutions not being ready to submit the platform, nominations for Governor were called for, when Edgar M. Johnson, of Cincinnati, moved that candidates for Governor be nominated without speeches. This was voted down vigorously and unanimously.

General Durbin Ward was then named for Governor by the Hon. T. E. Powell, of Delaware, who extolled the virtues and long service to Democracy of the grim old General.

The Hon. Allen G. Thurman seconded the speech of Mr. Powell. He placed great stress upon General Ward's military service, and that he was "an old-time Democrat who had not received recognition at the hands of the Democratic party." Mr. Thurman said his services deserved reward, and now that victory was in their grasp, he should have it.

Judge Hoadly was placed in nomination

by the Hon. Michael Ryan, of Cincinnati. This was seconded by Hon. E. B. Finley, the speeches of both gentlemen being roundly applauded. Dr. Cravens, of Toledo, Ohio, named Geo. W. Geddes, of Mansfield, and the Hon. George W. Morgan, of Mt. Vernon seconded this nomination.

The first ballot resulted Hoadly 289, Ward 259, Geddes 80. Necessary to a choice 313. No nomination.

Great confusion and excitement arose in regard to casting the vote of Butler county, and noise and fury for a few minutes reigned supreme. The question that led to this trouble arose on the vote of the delegation according to instructions, there being four who wished to vote for Ward. Mr. Powell, of Delaware, moved that each delegate vote as he pleased, but this was defeated. Lawrence Neal charged the chairman with unfair conduct and partiality to Hoadly, alleging that he was chosen as Hoadly's man. He said seven Butler county men wanted to break for Ward, but were held by instructions and his biases. Chairman decided that each delegate should vote as he chose.

A slight lull in the deafening confusion occurring, the chairman called for the second ballot. This was had with no abatement in the turmoil that attended the first and resulted:

Hoadly, 392
Ward, 245
Scattering, 60

Amid great excitement, yelling and cheers the nomination was made unanimous.

RESOLUTIONS.

The Committee on Resolutions appeared and submitted the following, which was adopted amid applause:

The convention reaffirms the principles of the party as expressed in previous State and National platforms; the true functions of government as embraced in the creed of Thomas Jefferson. The application of these principles to our present condition demands purification of the public service and the punishment of robbers of the public treasury, and we renew our previous declaration for staple money, the gradual extinction of the public debt, and the payment of pensions to disabled soldiers, their wives, and orphans. We favor a tariff for revenue, limited to the necessities of a government economically administered, and so adjusted in its application as to prevent unequal burdens, encourage productive industries at home, and afford just compensation to labor, but not to create or foster monopolies; the reduction of the wool tariff by congress, and increase on woolen goods is condemned.

The Democratic party as it always has been, is opposed to sumptuary legislation and unequal taxation in any form, and is in favor of the largest liberty of private conduct consistent with the public welfare and the rights of others, and of regulating the liquor traffic and providing against the evils resulting therefrom by a judicious and properly graded license system.

The abuses of the present contract system in our State Penitentiary is injurious and unwise, and ought to be corrected. The promises of the Republican party to abolish this system are shown to be false and hypocritical.

The protection of Government is due to all American citizens, native and foreign born, abroad as well as at home.

We affirm the resolutions of the State Conventions in Ohio in 1880-81-82, and of the Democratic National Conventions of 1872-76-80, demanding a thorough reform and purification of the civil service, and charge that the Republican party has violated every pledge it has heretofore given for the reform thereof.

THE NOMINEE APPEARS.

Following the adoption of the platform Judge Hoadly, accompanied by the Hon. John C. Underwood, of the Cincinnati News Journal, and Mr. Armstrong, of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, appeared on the stage. Great cheering attended his presence, and when brought forward and introduced to the convention, the applause took new force. He made a brief speech, in which he said his nomination showed that the Democratic party was opened for recruits, no matter what their previous condition of servitude. Hoadly held McSweeney's hand, and referred to their old friendship, and explained his conversion to democracy.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

For Lieutenant Governor D. M. Coolman, of Portage, and John G. Warwick, of Massillon, were named. Warwick was nominated on the first ballot.

JUDGE HOADLY.

George Hoadly was born in New Haven, Connecticut, July 31, 1836, the only son of George and Mary Ann Hoadly (daughter of Wm. Walton Woolsey and Elizabeth Dwight Woolsey, of New York). His father was at one time Mayor of New Haven, Connecticut, but in 1830 removed with his family to Cleveland, Ohio, of which city he became Mayor.

Judge Hoadly was graduated from the Western Reserve College and the Law School at Cambridge, Mass. He came to Cincinnati and was admitted to the Bar in 1847. In 1859, he was elected Superior Court Judge and reelected in 1864.

In 1876, with other liberal Republicans, he joined the Democratic ranks under the leadership of Tilden and Hendricks.

In 1881 Judge Hoadly married Mary Burnet Perry, third daughter of Captain Samuel Perry, one of the earliest settlers of Cincinnati; issue, three children—George, Laura and Edward Mills.

A TENNESSEE LYNCHING.

A Colored Man Commits a Murder, and is Promptly Lynched.

PROSPECT, TENN., June 21.—Wesley Warren, colored, who was under arrest on the charge of having murdered James Trice, of this place, was lynched night before last by a small party of unknown men. Warren confessed his guilt and implicated other negroes in the commission of the crime. Warren and his accomplices went to the store where Trice slept after 2 o'clock, intending to kill him and steal the money realized from the sale of some corn, but after murdering Trice they failed to find the money, as it had not been left in his possession. The murderers stole a quantity of dry goods and provisions, and left. As soon as the body of Trice was discovered search was made for the perpetrators of the crime, and footprints were found leading from the scene of the murder to the home of Warren. This circumstantial proof was strong against Warren, as the footprints were plainly discovered in the mud caused by a rain which fell at 2 o'clock, but before the examination of witnesses had been concluded by the coroner, a mob appeared, and, taking Warren half a mile down the railroad, hung him. The authorities are looking for Warren's accomplices, and if they are caught they will likely share the fate of their leader.

RESULTS SATISFACTORY.

Democrats Confident of Victory With Hoadly at Its Front.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—When the result of the convention's work in the nomination for Governor was received here, leading Democrats expressed great satisfaction. The Ward men feel their defeat keenly, but they submit with as good grace as the severity of the contest permits. They believe that Geddes' candidacy lead to the General's defeat.

The Republicans are pleased at the nomination, saying that Hoadly is a much weaker man on account of his assailable record as a politician than Ward. They claim the latter would have divided the soldiers' vote, which will now go for Foraker.

MISSOURI'S PET.

Frank James' Trial Continued on Account of the Absence of Material Witnesses.

GALLATIN, Mo., June 21.—The trial of Frank James has been continued until the third Monday in August. His attorneys said the condition of the railroads and public highways on account of the floods prevented their material witnesses living at a distance from reaching the town. The prosecution strongly resisted a continuance for so long a time, but a consultation of the attorneys, the above date was fixed, the court concurring. Expecting a trial at this term, men and women came from all parts of the surrounding country. Hotels and boarding houses were filled to an extent that compelled many to seek accommodations at private houses.

James' wife came here a month ago, and is stopping with a family just across from the jail. She is a daily visitor to her husband, and says she is confident of his acquittal of three charges against him. His mother, Mrs. Samuels, came up from Kearney on Sunday. Since his confinement she has been here frequently. She won't talk to newspaper men, claiming that they have ill-treated and misrepresented her and her sons.

Fruit and Crops Destroyed.

St. Louis, June 21.—Deploable effects of the recent tornadoes and violent rain storms in various parts of the country are seen in destruction of fruit and crops. Whole orchards, and fields of grain, have been destroyed by the winds and rain. The aggregate of the losses thus entailed upon farmers must be very large, and in many cases the labor of a whole season has been rendered nugatory, causing want and distress where there had been the promise of prosperity.

Tramp Convicted.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—Thomas Scanlan, who became offensive to a farmer near Sharon, this county, last April, after receiving shelter and food from him, was convicted in the Common Pleas Court today of being a tramp. This is the first conviction on that charge in Ohio. The punishment is from one to three years in the penitentiary.

School of Philosophy.

TRENTON, N. J., June 21.—The Rev. Dr. McCosh seems to have no difficulty in raising funds for Princeton College. Of the \$200,000 needed to carry out his design for promoting philosophy there, \$150,000 have already been promised, and another large sum has been given as an endowment for an art school.

A TALE OF THE SEA.

Circumstances That Point to a
Murderous Crew.

The Schooner Ephraim and Anna
Supposed to Have Been Scuttled
Before Abandoned by Mutinous
Sailors.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—United States Marshal Kerns is of the opinion that the two-masted schooner Ephraim and Anna, which was found water-logged off Barnegat by the Boston tug Storm King and brought to this port, was not abandoned because of her leak, but on account of foul play, which may, he thinks, have involved the life of the captain, Samuel Harvey, who lives in this city. There are many circumstances which would seem to point to this conclusion.

1. The Storm King, which was towing a vessel from Boston, ran across the Ephraim and Anna. Two signals of distress were flying, one fore, the other aft. The tug ran up alongside and several of the crew jumped aboard the schooner, expecting to meet some of the crew of the latter. Instead, they found not a semblance of life. The situation at once impressed itself, so suspicious were the circumstances, that the crew of the tug immediately whistled for foul play. The schooner was in exactly that condition she would be were she quietly sailing on an open river. The foremast and forestay-sail were both set. The mainmast was reefed. The rudder was not stripped. Although upon investigation there was found to be about four feet of water in the hold, the schooner was setting perfectly upright. The condition of the schooner did not appear to have been by any means of such a serious nature as to warrant her abandonment, even by the most timid mariners. Instead of being lowered, as is usual, the yawl boat had been cut from the davits, indicating great haste upon the part of those leaving the vessel. In the cabin the table had been set apparently for supper. Upon it there was every preparation for a meal. Fish, potatoes, butter, coffee, plates, cups, knives and forks, even the battered castor—all were in place. Nothing was disturbed. Had the vessel been drifting any considerable time, some of the crockery would most likely have been lurched off the table, as a heavy sea was running. There were other queer evidences of foul play. The canvas around the forward hatchway had been cut and the hatchway opened, apparently, it would seem, in order that the waters, in washing over the deck, might the more certainly sink the vessel. The other hatchway was untouched. The clothing of none of the crew could be found except that of the captain. There was not a trunk or bag left, except those belonging to the captain. They were found on the top of the cabin.

THE CAPTAIN'S FATE.

The crew of the tug reasoned that at the time of the abandonment the captain could not have been on board, because, while the goods of the rest had been removed, his had not been touched. The ship's compass and all the valuable appointments and equipments had been taken away. Even the men before the mast had got away with their baggage and everything they could carry. In the mate's room a mattress, pillow and quilt were found, but no sheets, no pillow-cases, no shirts, nor an article of clothing, of which the mate must have possessed several changes at least. There remained nothing but a lot of old papers in a drawer under the berth. In the bunk of the steward a like clean sweep had been made. Every vestige of clothing was gone, except a ragged black cravat, which fluttered from a hook in the partition. The drawers had been emptied of their contents. In one drawer were a few rusty nails, a hammer and a small instrument for determining speed, called a patent log. A small compass was found on top of the stove in the cabin, in which there still lingered hot ashes. In the Captain's room the contrast was noticeable. Everything was undisturbed. The satchel on the cabin roof, carried there, perhaps, by one of the crew, contained an abundance of clothes. The bunk was festooned with dirty shirts, towels, and other appointments of the wardrobe. The secretaire, however, had been cleaned completely of its contents. In one corner was a pair of ragged green slippers, and in another a clay pipe. There was nothing about the appearance of the berth to indicate that the occupant had left it hastily, or with any desire to leave the ship. The crew of the tug reasoned that the crew, having killed the captain, scuttled the ship and carried off everything with them. The marshal is of the same opinion and instructs the opening of the hatchway; the removal of all property except such as belonged to the captain; the trifling nature of her leaks, and the carrying away of the ship's log book, records and charts; the powerful pumps, fore and aft, which could have kept the schooner easily above water; the cutting of the yawl from the davits, and the nearness to shore at the time of the abandonment.

Found Dead.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—The body of Mrs. Anna B. Stein, who left her home in Fairmount, this city, informing her husband that she was insane and intended to kill herself, was found in Burnet Wood's Park today.

Compulsory Military Service.
BERLIN, June 21.—The Prussian Government has decided to compel the sons of all foreigners to do military service, despite existing treaties and previous loose enforcement of the local laws in this respect.

STRUCTURE DOUBTED.

Objections to Brooklyn's Great
Bridge.

Tolls Decreasing—Everybody Has a
Fault to Find, and From All Along
the Line Come Complaints.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Now that the fireworks have all gone off, the fizz speeches made and New York is business end up again, the utility of the \$15,000,000 Brooklyn bridge becomes a subject which may be thought of. There is a great population in Brooklyn which, doing business in New York, is compelled to cross the East river at least twice a day. Any means which will make the trip more convenient to this crowd of workers would be a blessing even at fifteen millions of dollars. Whether the bridge will do this is conjectural.

The bridge is not a success yet. In mingling parlance it is only a "fair prospect." Already it has proved to be too hot in summer, and there is no doubt whatever but that it will be too cold in winter for pedestrians. Ordinarily a bridge is the most convenient means of crossing water, but this is not an ordinary case. To prevent interfering with navigation, it was necessary to place the structure high in the air and make it a mile and a quarter long.

FERRY BOAT CONVENIENCES.

The persons who are expected to be the patrons of the bridge have been in the habit of using ferry boats, which run from central points in New York to streets all along the waterfront from Hamilton avenue to the northern limits of Brooklyn on one side and New York on the other. The rates are low, the highest being three cents, and passengers generally have a comfortable seat. On the Fulton ferry, which is probably most used, seventeen tickets are sold for twenty-five cents. If these people desert the ferry-boats, they will have to walk to the end of the bridge in either city, which may be presumed to be as far from their places of business as the ferry slips, and pay 1 cent to walk the mile and a quarter over the bridge, or when the cars get to running 5 cents to ride.

Most of the people are poor, to whom the money it costs to get to and from home every day is a considerable object. It is likely they will as a rule pay as much to walk over the bridge as to ride in a ferry boat? If they do this, the bridge will be a success. When some system of car traffic is arranged, by which people can be carried over the bridge and to different points in Brooklyn for a street car fare, the structure may be more universally used; but it is almost a sure proposition that it will never pay interest on the cost if there is no improvement on the present arrangements. In New York what does not pay is not a success. It is certain that a great revenue will be derived from wagons. Generally it will be more convenient to take teams across the bridge than over the ferries, and this traffic is so enormous that the tolls will be heavy.

HEAVY RUNNING EXPENSES.

There is another matter in which the Brooklyn bridge is singular. Its running expenses will be heavy. Ordinarily when a bridge is built the only cost is for repairs, but in the case of the great Brooklyn span there is a large corps of policemen to support. Their services have been proven to be necessary on most disastrous occasions. Probably by giving greater accommodations to foot passengers who will always be likely to crowd the bridge on holidays and other special occasions, this expense can in part be done away with.

The receipts from tolls show a steady falling off during the last two weeks, and travel has now fallen to its legitimate figures.

There is one thing to be said. The bridge itself is one of the most magnificent, beautiful and graceful structures in the world. The great amount of money which it costs seems to have been spent with great judgment and taste, and its engineers and builders are entitled to that credit which the creation of a thing of beauty should always bring.

Doesn't Need Any Legislation to Secure Her Rights.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—As a street car was moving up Ninth street a lady on the sidewalk noticed that one of the horses was in great pain from a galled shoulder. She stopped the car, and calling the driver's attention to the sore spots, asked him not to drive the unhappy beast any farther. The man attempted to drive on, but the lady sprang in front of the horses and said that she would be run over before the car should proceed. Of course a crowd gathered, and in its wake came a policeman who attempted to effect a compromise; but the lady refused to budge, and finally the officer ordered the driver to unharness the horse then and there. Having accomplished her original purpose, the humanitarian turned her attention to her own rights and caused both driver and conductor to be arrested for attempting to push her from the track. As the party moved off toward the police station a crowd of 500 persons cheered vociferously.

A PHILADELPHIA HORROR.

The Skulls of Twenty-One Infants Found in a Physician's Cellar.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—The police have found in the cellar of a dwelling at No. 2248 North Fifth street, formerly occupied by Dr. Isaac Hathway, the alleged abortionist, the bodies of several children and a number of human bones. Up to 4 o'clock in the afternoon twenty-one skulls, or portions of skulls of infants had been found buried in the cellar of the dwelling. Dr. Hathway is now in the county prison.



TERMS:—The DAILY BULLETIN is published daily, except on Sundays and public holidays, at 6 cents per week; 25 cents per month; 75 cents per three months; \$1.50 per six months, and \$3 per year, payable in advance.

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5,947

The above number represents the circulation, each week of the DAILY and WEEKLY BULLETIN. Advertisers are invited to call and assure themselves of the truth of the statement, and they are requested to bear in mind that our rates for advertising are the lowest.

DETECTIVE NORRIS has held a consultation with the Attorney General of Ohio, in reference to the arrest of Burnett on the charge of kidnapping the negro Direly, and it is thought that a requisition will be issued in the case.

BROTHER KELLER, of the Carlisle Mercury is the head of the lately organized Worm Candy syndicate, in which there are said to be millions. We suggest "Early Bird" as a suitable name for the manufacturers of the company.

ONE hundred and fifty Short-horns, the property of the Hamiltons, Senator Williams and Corwin Anderson and, valued at \$100,000 were shipped from Mt. Sterling to Chicago, where they will be sold June 27th and 29th.

It now costs the Government about \$160 per capita, counting women and children, to maintain the 60,000 Indians in the United States that live on reservations. Each year this number grows noticeably less, yet the amount spent for their keeping and education increases, the \$10,000,000 now annually spent on them being about twice that expended in 1855, or 1850; while they are about as troublesome as ever.

The longer the much-talked-of reduction of the Internal Revenue service is delayed the less the number of districts to be abolished becomes. The Internal Revenue Commissioner is said to have prepared a plan, which, if adopted by the President, will reduce the districts from one hundred and twenty-six to ninety-two, but the friends of the collectors whose head would be taken off by this plan are at Washington protesting, and are making the most of the President's hesitancy. They say that this reduction of officeholders will ruin the party, and the President is disposed to listen to them.

The Catlettsburg Democrat in speaking of the wounding of Cabell, the negro detective, of that place, says: "Cabell was trying to get his pistol out of his hip pocket when the shot was fired, and many who were present say he shot himself, and nobody can be found who says otherwise, but the bullet extracted from his leg is a thirty-two calibre, while the pistol taken from him with one empty chamber was a .45 calibre. Only one shot was fired." This shows conclusively that the Cincinnati Enquirer's statement of the affair was correct, and that Cabell did not shoot himself, as stated by the correspondents of other papers.

The Stanford Journal calls attention to the following: "By an act of the General Assembly, passed at its last session, it is made the duty of the County Court of each County, at the term before the August election of this year, to appoint tellers in each election district to ascertain and report the number of qualified voters at that election. The information thus furnished is to be used in determining the result of the voting on the question of calling a Constitutional Convention, it is therefore a very important matter, and one which should not be neglected by any of the officials having duties to perform in connection with it. As the term at which the appointment of tellers is required to be made will be held next month, we deem it not impertinent nor amiss to call the attention of County Judges to this matter."

THE BAD BOY.

How Things Look to One who has not Got the Facilities for Being too Good in His Youth.

"What you sitting there for half an hour for, staring at vacancy?" said the grocery man to the bad boy, as he sat on a stool by the stove one of those foggy mornings, when everybody feels like quarreling, with his fingers clasped around his knee, looking as though he did not know enough to last him to bed. What you thinking about any way.

"I was wondering where you would have been to-day if Noah had run his ark into such a fog as this, and there had been no fog-horn on Mount Ararat, and not made a landing, and had floated around on the freshet until the animals starved, and the ark had struck a snag and burst a hole in her bottom. I tell you, we can all congratulate ourselves that Noah happened to blunder on that high ground. If that ark had been lost, either by being foundered, or being blown up by Fenians because Noah was an Englishman, it would have been cold work trying to populate this world. In that case another Adam and Eve would have been made out of dirt and water, and they might have gone wrong again, and failed to raise a family, and where would we have been. I tell you, when I think of the narrow escapes we have had, it is a wonder to me that we have got along as well as we have."

"Well, when did you get out of the asylum," said the grocery man, who had been standing back with open mouth looking at the boy though he was crazy. "What you want is to have your head soaked. You are getting so you reach out too far with that small mind of yours. In about another year you will want to run this world yourself. I don't think you are reforming very much. It is wicked for a boy of your size to argue about such things. Your folks better send you to college."

"What do I want to go to college for, and be a heartless hater, and poor base ball player. I can be bad enough at home. The more I read, the more I think. I don't believe I can ever be good enough to go to heaven anyway, and I guess I will go into the newspaper business, where they don't have to be good, and where they have passes everywhere. Do you know, I think when I was built they left out a cog wheel or something in my head. I can't think like some boys. I get to thinking about Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden, and of the dude with the cloven hoof that flirted with Eve, and treated her and Adam to the dried apples, and I can't think of them as some boys do, with a fig leaf polonaise and fig leaf vests. I imagine them dressed up in the latest style. I know it is wrong, but that is what a poor boy who has an imagination and where did I get the imagination? This confounded imagination of mine shows me Adam with a plug hat on, just like our minister wears, and a stand up collar and tight pants, and peaked-toed shoes, and Eve is pictured to me with a crushed-velvet-colored dress, brown striped stockings, and newspapers in her dress to make it set out, and a hat with dandelions on, and a red parasol, and a lace handkerchief, which she puts to her lips and winks with her left eye to the masher who is standing by the corner of the house, in an attitude, while the tail with the dart on the end is wound around the rain water barrel, so Eve won't see it and get scared. Say, don't you think it is better for a boy to think of our first parents with clothes on, than to think them almost naked, exposed to the inclemency of the weather, with nothing but fig leaves pinned on? I want to do right right, as near as I can, but I had rather think of them dressed like our folks are to-day, than to think of them in a cyclone with leaves for wearing apparel. Say, it is, wrong to fight, but don't you think if Adam had put on a pair of boxing gloves, when he found the devil was getting too fresh about the place, and knock him out in a couple of rounds, and patted him in the nose, and fired him out of the summer garden, that it would have been a big thing for this world. Now, honest?"

"Lookahere," said the grocery man, who had been looking at the boy in dismay. "You better go right home, and let your ma fix up some warm drink for you, and put you to bed. You are all wrong in the head and if you are not attended to you will have brain fever. I tell you, boy, you are in danger. Come, I will go home with you."

"O, danger nortin'." I am just telling how things look to a boy who has not got the facilities for being too good in his youth. Some boys can take things as they read them, and not think any for themselves, but I am thinker from Thinkerville, and my imagination plays the dickens with me. There is nothing I read about old times but what I compare it with the same line of business at the present day. Now, when I think of the fishermen of Galilee, drawing their seines, I wonder that they would have done if there had been a law against hauling seines, as there is in Wisconsin to-day, and I can see a constable with a warrant for the arrest of the Galilee fishermen, snatching the old apostles and taking them to the police station in a patrol wagon. I know it is wrong to think like that, but how can I help it. Say, suppose those fishermen had been out hauling their seines, and our minister should come along with his good clothes on, his joined rod, his nickel-plated reel and his silk fish line, and his patent fish hook, and put a frog on the hook and cast his line near the Galilee fisherman and go to trolling for bass? What do you suppose the lone fishermen of the Bible times would have thought about the gall of the jointed rod fisherman? Do you suppose they would have thrown stones in the water where he was trolling, or would they have told him there was good trolling around a point about half a mile up the shore, where they knew he wouldn't get a bite in a week, the way a fellow at Muskego lake lied to our minister a spell ago? I tell you, boss, it is a sad thing for a boy to have an imagination," and the boy put his other knee in the sling made by the clenched fingers of both hands, and waited for the grocery man to argue with him.

"I wish you would go away from here."

"I am afraid of you," said the grocery man. "I would give anything if your pa or the minister would come in and have a talk with you. Your mind is wandering," and the groceryman went to the door and looked up and down street to see if somebody wouldn't come in and watch the crazy boy while he went to breakfast. "O, pa and the minister can't make a first payment on me. Pa gets mad when I ask questions, and the minister thinks I am past redemption. Pa said yesterday that baldness was caused, in every case, by men's wearing plug hats, and when I asked him where the good Elijah, (whom the boys called 'go up old bald head,' and the bears had a free lunch on them,) got his plug hat, pa said school was dismissed, and I could go. When the minister was telling me about the good Elijah going up through the clouds in a chariot of fire, and I asked the minister what he thought Elijah would have thought if he had met our Sunday school superintendent coming down through the clouds on a bicycle, he put his hand on my head and said my liver was all wrong. Now, I will leave it to you if there was anything wrong about that. Say, do you know what I think is the most beautiful thing in the Bible?"

"No, I don't," said the grocery man, "and if you want to tell it I will listen just five minutes, and then I am going to shut up the store and go to breakfast. You make me tired."

"Well, I think the finest thing is that story about the prodigal son, where the boy took all the money he could scrape up and went out west to paint the towns red. Ge srent his money in riotous living, and got full of benzine, and struck all the gangs of tongs, both male and female, and his stomach went back on him and he had malaria, and finally he got to be a cow-boy, herding hogs, and had to eat husks that the hogs didn't want, and got pretty low down. Then he thought it was a pretty good scheme to be getting around home, where they had three meals a day, and spring mattresses, and he started home, beating his way on the trains, and he didn't know whether the old man would receive him with open arms or pointed boots, but the old man came down to the depot to meet him, and right there before the passengers and the conductor and brakemen, he wasn't ashamed of his boy, though he was ragged, and looked as though he had been on the war path, and the old man fell on his neck and wept, and took him home in a hack and had veal pot pie for dinner. That's what I call sense. A good many men now days would have put the police on the tramp and had him ordered out of town. What, you going to close up the store? Well, I will see you later. I want to talk to you about something that is weighing on my mind," and the boy got out just in time to save his coat tail from being caught in the door, and when the grocery man came back from breakfast he found a sign in front, "This store is closed till further notice.—SHERIFF."

BUSINESS HOUSES.

The following are among the leading business establishments of Maysville. Customers will find these houses reliable and occupying a commanding position in their respective lines.

A. SORRIES & SON.

Locksmiths and Bell-Hangers. Are prepared to put up Electric House Bells which are not exposed in the room like the old style. Prices low. Call and see samples. Second Street, my34 MAYSVILLE, KY.

A. G. BROWNING, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence south-east corner of Third and Sutton streets. Will give special attention to diseases peculiar to females. ap16 MAYSVILLE.

A. FINCH & CO.

DEALERS IN—GRAIN, FLOUR and HEMP. Cor. Third and Sutton Streets, my30 MAYSVILLE, KY.

A. M. ROGERS.

DEALER IN—Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps. 41 E. Sec. St. my30 MAYSVILLE, KY.

BURGESS & NOLIN.

DEALERS IN Staple and Fancy—DRY GOODS. No. 3, Enterprise Block, Second Street, ap14 MAYSVILLE, KY.

C. AMMON.

PHOTOGRAPHER. Second street, next door to Dr. Martin's, ap14 MAYSVILLE, KY.

C. ROBERT DAWSON & CO.

DEALERS IN—CIGARS and CONFECTIONERY. ICE CREAM A SPECIALTY. FRESH ROLLS and CAKES EVERY DAY. Second Street, EAST MAYSVILLE.

DR. T. H. N. SMITH.

DENTIST. Will devote his whole time to the preservation of the natural teeth. Dr. C. W. Wamble will take charge of all the mechanical work, such as gold, silver, continuous gum, celluloid and rubber plates. my34 MAYSVILLE.

EUGENE ALLEN.

STOVES, GRATES, TINWARE, mantels, etc. Sole agents for the celebrated Omaha and Leaver stoves. Roofing and gutters promptly and satisfactorily done. Corner of Market and Third streets. A. R. Gaskcock's old stand. ap16 MAYSVILLE.

F. H. TRAXEL.

BAKER and CONFECTIONER. Ice cream parlors open for the season. Absolutely pure candies. Fresh bread of all kinds. Furnishing weddings and parties a specialty. Prices low. my34 MAYSVILLE.

FRANK DEVINE.

Manufacturer of—CIGARS. Proprietor of the celebrated brands: Hold the Fort, Parlor Queen and Mother Hubbard. Best cigars in the market. Full variety of smokers' articles. Second street, ally MAYSVILLE, KY.

G. M. WILLIAMS.

Contractor and Builder. Plans and Specifications furnished and all work promptly and satisfactorily done. Shop on second street, opposite High school. ap14 MAYSVILLE, KY.

GEORGE H. HEISER.

DEALER IN—GROCERIES. Pineapple Hams. Home-made Yeast Cakes. may30 MAYSVILLE, KY.

G. S. JUDD.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Real Estate and Collecting Agency. Court St., (ap14) MAYSVILLE, KY.

GEO. COX & SON.

DEALERS IN Staple and Fancy—DRY GOODS. Second Street. MAYSVILLE, KY.

HOLT RICHESON.

DEALER IN Staple and Fancy—GROCERIES. has REMOVED from his old stand to the building on Second street lately occupied by Charles H. Frank. ap14 MAYSVILLE.

HUNT & DOYLE.

Every new shade in—DRESS GOODS. Crushed Strawberry, Electric Blue, Egyptian etc., and new Trimmings to match. Second St., my34 MAYSVILLE, KY.

J. C. OWENS & CO.

This space has been reserved for their advertisement. LOOK OUT FOR IT.

JOHN WHEELER.

Daily FISH Market. River, Lake and salt water fish. Prices reduced this day to 8 and 10 cents a pound. Market street, ally MAYSVILLE, KY.

JOHN B. POYTZ, JR.

INSURANCE AGENT. Oldest and best Companies. Insures for full value. Low rates. Losses promptly paid. No discounts. No delays. Office corner Third and Market streets. ap14 MAYSVILLE.

JAS. H. SALLIE.

CLARENCE L. SALLIE. Sallie & Sallie, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE AGENTS. Court Street, (sep14) MAYSVILLE, KY.

J. BLAKEBOROUGH.

THE BOSS WALTHAM WATCH STORE. Headquarters for Clocks, Silver Goods, Jewelry etc. All work promptly and satisfactorily done. Second St., East of Market. ap17 MAYSVILLE.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.

No. 24, MARKET STREET. NEW CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS and Window Shades. Good Carpets at \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.50, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10.00 per yard. my34 MAYSVILLE.

JAMES & CARR.

(Successors to Thomas Jackson.) Livery, Sale and Feed Stables. Street hack orders promptly attended to at all times. Finest and latest style Turnouts. Horses bought and sold on Commission. Market St., four doors below Central Hotel. ap14 MAYSVILLE.

JOHN T. FLEMING.

INSURANCE AGENCY. Represents the London and Liverpool and Globe, German American, of New York, and Phoenix of Brooklyn. Also agent for Blue Lick Water. Office corner of Front and Sutton streets. ap17 MAYSVILLE.

J. F. RYAN.

Manufacturer and dealer in hand, pocket and pencil STAMPS, RUBBER TYPE, STENCILS, Dates &c. Guns, Pistols, Trunks, Valises and Sewing Machines repaired. Trunks put up with hung, and keys made to order. Stencil cutting a specialty. Second St., ally MAYSVILLE, KY.

JACOB LINN.

BAKER and CONFECTIONER. Ice cream and soda water. Fresh bread and cakes. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. my34 MAYSVILLE, KY.

L. W. GALBRAITH.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Real Estate and Collecting Agency. Third street, near Court house, my10 MAYSVILLE, KY.

LANE & WORRICK.

Contractors, Architects, Builders. Plans and specifications furnished at reasonable terms and all work satisfactorily and promptly done. Office on Third street, between Wall and Sutton. ap14 MAYSVILLE.

MORRISON & KACKLEY.

Wholesale and Retail—BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS. Second Street, (my24) MAYSVILLE, KY.

MISS LOU FOWLING.

FASHIONABLE MILLINER. Latest spring styles of Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers and Millinery Goods generally. Entire satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Second, opposite Opera House. my34 MAYSVILLE.

MRS. F. B. COLLINS.

MILLINERY and DRESSMAKING. Latest styles of Hats, Bonnets, Laces and Millinery Notions. Prices low. Second street, Mrs. George Burrows' old stand. ap14 MAYSVILLE.

McDOUGLE & HOLTON.

5,000 STANDARD PRINTS at 5 cents. Job lot of seasonable goods just received. Prints, Lawns, Gingham, Parasols and Fans at bottom prices. ap14 MAYSVILLE.

MISS MATTIE CARR.

Second street, January's Block. Millinery Goods, Hats, Laces, Feathers, Trimmings etc., of the latest styles. Prices Low. my34 MAYSVILLE.

M. F. MARSH.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Justice of the Peace, REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENT. Will advertise and sell real estate. No charges whatever unless a sale is consummated. Deeds, mortgages, etc., written at rates as low as any one's. Office Library Building, Sutton street.

M. DAVIS.

FURNISHING GOODS and CLOTHING. Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises. The latest spring styles just received. Market St., ally MAYSVILLE, KY.

MRS. A. J. WILLIAMS.

CARPETS. Rugs, Oil Cloths and Mattings. Will be sold CHEAP for the next thirty days, Call and see them. my34 MAYSVILLE.

MRS. M. ARCHDEACON.

(Formerly Miss Maggie Rasp.) FASHIONABLE MILLINER. has just received a full supply of all of the latest styles in Millinery Goods. Hats, Bonnets, Laces, Trimmings and all seasonable novelties. The ladies are invited to call. Market street, ally MAYSVILLE.

MRS. MARY E. THOMAS.

DEALER IN—Millinery and Notions. Announces that she has just received her spring stock, which will be found very attractive and that she has also secured the services of an accomplished trimmer from Cincinnati. One price only. 13 E. Second st., ally MAYSVILLE, KY.

MOSE DAULTON & BRO.

GOOD INTENT Livery and Sale Stable. A full line of all kinds of vehicles on hand for sale, hire or exchange. Horses kept by day, week or month. Largest and best appointed Livery Stable in the west. Prices as low as any. Best attention to vehicles stored. Telephone connection. No. 40 and 42 West Second St., ally MAYSVILLE, KY.

NEW FIRM.

BISSET, McCLANAHAN & SHEA, (Successors to Cooper & Bisset, Dealers in Stoves, Ranges, Marbleized Mantels, and manufacturers of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. Special attention paid to tin roofing, gutter and spouting. Practical plumbers, gas and steam fitters. Wrought iron and lead pipes, etc. All work attended to promptly and warranted. 23 E. Second st., ally MAYSVILLE, KY.

OWENS & BARKLEY.

Nos. 57 and 59 Second and 16 Sutton streets, have just received a large stock of improved VICTOR HAND CORN PLANTERS, the greatest labor-saving implement ever offered to farmers. The best tobacco hoes and tobacco barn hardware of all kinds. ap16 MAYSVILLE.

PAUL D. ANDERSON.

DENTIST. No. 21 Market St., nearly opp. Central Hotel, Office Open at all Hours. MAYSVILLE, KY. my34 MAYSVILLE.

Q. A. MEANS.

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER. Full line of Burial Robes and all articles required by the undertaking trade. Orders promptly attended to day or night. my34 MAYSVILLE.

S. SIMON.

QUEENSWARE, CHINA, TINWARE, Glass, Cutlery, Notions, etc. No. 45 Market Street, East side, between Second and Third, ap14 MAYSVILLE, KY.

S. J. DAUGHERTY.

No. 6, West Second Street. MARBLE YARD. Monuments, Tablets and Headstones all ways on hand. Orders by mail will receive the same prompt attention as if delivered in person. ap14 MAYSVILLE.

S. B. OLDHAM.

PLUMBER. Sanitary Engineer, Gas and Steam-fitter. Dealer in plumbers' goods, Pumps, Hose, Sewer Pipes, Lead and Iron Piping, Steam and Water Gauges. No. 8 west Second street, opposite Gelsel's grocery. ap14 MAYSVILLE, KY.

T. F. KIFF.

BATH ROOMS and LAUNDRY. OPEN AT ALL HOURS. Work promptly and satisfactorily done. Terms reasonable. Front street, between Market and Sutton. ap14 MAYSVILLE.

WILLIAM HUNT.

Manufacturer and originator of the celebrated brands of CIGARS. Silver Dollar, Wm. Hunt's Dark Horse, Happy Smoke, Three Beauties, Cordwood and Gold Rings. Second Street, Maysville, Ky.

WHITE & ORT.

FURNITURE. We will not be undersold by any house in Kentucky or at Cincinnati. If we have half a chance my34 MAYSVILLE, KY.

W. B. MATTHEWS & CO.

Manufacturers and Dealers in—Building and Dressed Lumber, Laths, Shingles, blinds, Frames, Doors, Sash, Staves, Fencing, Tobacco Housheads, etc. my34 MAYSVILLE, KY.

W. W. LYNCH.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in—BOOTS and SHOES. Ladies' and children's fine shoes a specialty. Custom work made to order. Repairing neatly and promptly done at moderate charges. No. 41 Market street, East side, ally MAYSVILLE, KY.

YANCEY & ALEXANDER.

OLD RELIABLE LIVERY, SALE and FEED STABLES. Vehicles of all kinds, good stock and careful drivers. Horses kept by the day, or week on reasonable terms. Second st., between Market and Limestone.



A good and valued citizen
And one without a flaw,
Is he who now, and all the time,
Will hold down to the law.
No matter what the deed may be;
How great the debt to pay;
The only way it should be done
Is in a lawful way.

CORPORAL punishment is to be abolished in the St. Louis public schools after September 1st.

CONDUCTOR MYERS, who was so fearfully injured not long ago, by a fall at Townsend bridge, is recovering.

REV. A. N. GILBERT will preach at the Christian Church in Washington, on Sunday afternoon at four o'clock prompt.

THE Maysville Base Ball Club has accepted an invitation to play with a nine at Lexington. The game will take place next Thursday.

MR. Q. A. MEANS will leave on Sunday to attend the annual session of the Funeral Directors' National Association, at Cincinnati, on the 27th and 28th inst. He will be absent about four days.

REV. M. D. REYNOLDS will preach next Sunday on the following subjects: At 11 a. m., "The Syrophenician Woman." At 8 p. m., "What we Read." Periodical literature of the day will be noticed.

DR. GEO. T. GOULD, of Millersburg, has a card printed elsewhere. It is the first public statement of the affair that has been made by him, and will be read with interest. Dr. Gould's statement differs materially from those that have been printed by other persons.

THERE will be preaching at the Christian Church, on Sunday morning by Rev. A. N. Gilbert, services beginning at quarter before eleven. Subject of morning sermon: "Paul, the Knight of the Cross." At night his subject will be: "The Atonement." You are invited.

FOR constitutional or scrofulous catarrh and for consumption induced by the scrofulous taint, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

THE need of merit for promoting personal aesthetics is due to J. C. Ayer & Co, whose incomparable Hair Vigor is a universal beautifier of the hair. Harmless, effective, agreeable, it has taken rank among the indispensable articles of the toilet. To scanty locks it gives luxuriance; and withered hair it clothes with the hue of youth.

UNDER the new running arrangements made by the Big Sandy and Pomeroy Packet Company the steamer Ohio will leave Cincinnati for Pittsburg every Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock. The Bostona, Fleetwood and Telegraph will go through to Parkersburg on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, in the order named. Excursion parties will find these boats elegantly fitted and in charge of polite and accommodating officers, and the trip to Parkersburg or Pittsburg is a most delightful one.

Notice to the Masonic Fraternity.
St. John's Day Festival will take place at Higginsport, Ohio, Saturday, June 23, 1883. All members of the Fraternity, in any of the different bodies, Blue Lodge, Chapter, or Commandery, are requested to be at the Masonic Hall, at seven o'clock a. m., Saturday morning, to be ready to start to the boat at the landing, by half-past seven. The band is engaged and all arrangements have been made to make the trip an agreeable and pleasant one. Come one and all, go and make a day of pleasure.

To Buyers of Clothing.
I take this method of informing my friends in Maysville and vicinity that I am now with C. R. Mabley & Co. The mammoth clothiers of Cincinnati. All orders for suits, goods &c., sent in my care will receive my personal attention. Goods will be sent on approval to responsible parties—otherwise C. O. D. Goods will be exchanged, if not satisfactory, or money refunded. Fine dress suits to hire for balls, weddings, &c.

N. B. MARSH,
With C. R. Mabley & Co., Cincinnati, O.
m342m.

PERSONALS.

Senator John S. Williams is in the city to-day.

Mr. Geo. W. Suser has returned from his trip to the far west.

Mr. Ed. Richeson will return home to-day, after spending a week in Chicago.

Mr. Victor O. Gilman, of Buffalo, N. Y., arrived on Wednesday evening and is the guest of Mrs. J. S. Chenoweth.

Mrs. C. Altmyer and daughter, of Vanceburg, Ky., after a pleasant visit of several weeks among relatives, in this city, returned home on the Bonanza last night.

TERRIBLE OUTRAGE.

An Eleven Years Old Child Ravished by a Negro Brute.

The Crime Committed Near a Public Road in Broad Daylight And Within a Few Hundred Yards of The Victim's Home.

The Fiend Arrested at Ripley, O.—Intense Excitement in The City.

LYNCHING PROBABLE.

A terrible and sickening crime was perpetrated near this city, yesterday afternoon, between four and five o'clock—the outrage by a negro, of Hannah Bell McAuliffe, youngest daughter of Mr. Timothy McAuliffe one of our esteemed and well-known citizens. The child, who is a few months over eleven years of age, attends school in this city, and fell a victim to the outrage while on the way to her father's home which is at the John R. Key farm, near the first toll gate on the Maysville and Lexington, turnpike. She rode with her uncle Mr. Timothy Desmond, on his dray to where the Jersey Ridge turnpike intersects the Lexington road and within few hundred yards of her home. She left her uncle at this place and was going down a lane that leads to her father's house when the negro suddenly appeared from a deep ravine near by.

She paid no attention to the negro but continued on and had passed him when he caught her from behind with the exclamation, "Now I've got you!" The child screamed and struggled to free herself but the negro to stop her cries grasped her by the throat and putting a revolver at her head threatened to kill her if she did not keep quiet. She continued to struggle and in her efforts to free herself from the villain her throat was badly bruised and lacerated, and her strength failing, the fiendish act was accomplished.

The ground where the struggle occurred bears evidence that it was a desperate one. The child's books were scattered in every direction; a piece of the negro's watch chain was found in one place, a bit of ribbon in another, all furnishing pathetic testimony of the horrors of the child's situation. The little girl became insensible under the ill treatment and was probably thought to be dead by her assailant, but she revived soon after and managed to reach her home and tell the horrible story. Her friends came to Maysville and immediately started Marshals Redmond and Browning in pursuit of the wretch. They traced him through Campbell's woods and Glycerine Hollow to the river. He was seen by several workmen who were employed at Hechinger, Thomas & Co.'s new warehouse, below the city, who state that he was walking along leisurely and was apparently unconcerned. About fifty yards from this place he stole a skiff belonging to Zach Beasley and started with it down the river. When the officers ascertained this fact they returned to Maysville and Marshal Browning wired the authorities at Ripley to arrest the fugitive. This was a little after seven o'clock. After this had been done Deputy Sheriff Dan. Perrine, Marshal Browning, Zach Beasley, Fred. Weaver, and another person left in a skiff for Ripley. About eight o'clock a telegram was received here by Marshal Dawson, which stated that the negro had been captured and was in custody. He landed at the mouth of Red Oak Creek, and as he stepped ashore met the Ripley officers. He resisted the attempt to arrest him and presented at their heads a bull-dog revolver of 44 calibre, but they set upon him and he was soon overpowered. The skiff containing the Maysville party arrived about fifteen minutes after the arrest had been made. He is now in jail in that place and will be brought to Maysville for trial as soon as requisition papers can be obtained and executed. He gave his name as Samuel Bulger.

Last night it was rumored that the prisoner would arrive in Maysville on the Bostona, which was due about midnight and there was in consequence intense excitement and threats of lynching were freely used on all sides. When the boat arrived there were not less than five hundred people on the streets, many of whom were mounted on horseback and evidently came from the country. They were much disappointed when they found the negro was not on the boat and a rush was then made for the jail under the impression that he had been confined there, and so intense was the excitement

that Deputy Sheriff John W. Alexander found it necessary to summon a posse of citizens to preserve the peace. There was no outbreak, however, although the crowd did not disperse until nearly daylight. It is very certain if the officers had brought Bulger to Maysville at the time he was expected here, he would have been lynched immediately on his arrival.

Miss McAuliffe is a modest, retiring little girl and is well grown for her age. She was attended by Dr. Shackelford last night, and suffered very much from her injuries. She was very nervous and excited and obtained very little rest. To-day she is more quiet and is thought to be better. She has told her friends that she will be able to recognize her assailant among a thousand persons and cannot make a mistake in his identification.

While the crime is one of the most brutal and outrageous that has ever disgraced our annals, it is the duty of every man who claims to be a good citizen, to exercise forbearance, as difficult as it may be, and see that this negro is tried and punished according to the laws of the Commonwealth. There must be no violent and unlawful measures. The Circuit court will soon be in session, and there is no reason why justice should not be administered swiftly and effectively, and there can be no doubt that it will be done.

A Card from Dr. Gould.

Mr. Editor: Commencement duties have prevented me heretofore from noticing the many misrepresentations of my encounter with Rev. Eliha Green, man of color, upon the Maysville & Lexington train, June 8th, 1883. At the time referred to I had twenty-eight young ladies under my care. Attention to the baggage detained me, so that I was the very last to board the train, doing so only after it was pretty well under headway. As soon as I entered the ladies' coach, I noticed considerable excitement, and heard such exclamations as "What is a shame!" "He ought to be put up!" "If he does not get up he ought to be put up!" The matter was explained when I saw, about four seats from the rear door two of my young ladies standing in the aisle, and a big black negro in a nonchalant manner occupying a seat between them. I looked and there was not a very pleasant sight to be seen, except the one beside him, negro. I many places the young ladies were sitting three upon one seat, and several gentlemen were standing in the passageway, having given up their places. Among those thus standing were Prof. Bristow, Mr. Jintock, Messrs. Corington, Payne, Waddell, Piper, and my own son. As the two young ladies had already been standing for some moments directly at the end of the seat on which the negro sat, it was evident he had no intention of offering them the place. I therefore walked back to him, and remembering the exclamations heard on entering the cars, said to him, "I wish you would give your seat to these young ladies, because if you do not there will be a disturbance." He promptly replied that he had as many rights there as they had, and he should do no such thing. "Very well," said I, "when the conductor comes we will see whether you do or not!" I then sent for Capt. Martin, who was in the front coach, and waited a little time for his coming, since he did not come to me directly, but stopped to take up all the tickets by the way. While I was thus waiting and the young ladies were still standing, the negro informed me that if the conductor compelled him to give them his seat, he would make the Railroad Company suffer for it. When conductor Martin at last reached us I appealed to him whether the young ladies must stand and let the negro sit. His reply was that he could do nothing. "All right," said I, "then, I will see what I can do," and leaning over the back of the seat, I took the negro by the arm, saying "come, get out of here." At once and with considerable violence he struck me, and loosened my grasp. Then it was that Prof. Bristow, who was sitting on the arm of the second seat in front of us and who had neither spoken to the darkey nor been at any time any nearer to him, seeing him viciously strike me, rose up and leaning over struck the fellow over the head with a small canvass hand bag, ten inches long, which he happened to be holding in his hand at the time. Prof. Bristow hit him but once, and Mr. Corington never touched him at all, in any manner, shape or form. Nor did I touch his person other than to take him once by the arm as already described. I did not know who the fellow was, I did know, however, that he was a big, black negro and that two young ladies were standing while he sat.

Having never been accustomed to see such an indignity put upon a lady as that she must stand through a ride of eight miles while a negro man lolls at his ease, I could not bring myself tamely to submit to it. I do not believe there is a gentleman in Kentucky who would stand idly by and see his wife and daughters thus insulted.

Those young ladies come from the extreme south hundreds of miles from their homes, with neither father nor brother near, but dependent upon me for protection alike from insult and from injury. I had been recent to my trust and unworthy the position I occupy, had I not, after exhausting appeal to the negro and to the conductor, myself attempted his ejection from the seat. If any man has fallen so low as to think white women should stand, while negro men keep their seats, then him have I offended; and really I do not care if I have.

Yours, &c.,

Geo. T. GOULD.

Millersburg Female College. June 19, '83.

"Captain, we are entirely out of ammunition, said the orderly sergeant of a company to an Irish captain one of the regiments of the army at the battle of the Wilderness. "Entirely out?" said the captain. "Yes, entirely out." "Then save firing!" said the captain.

CONDENSED NEWS.

The Hon. S. S. Cox says he will have the solid New York delegation for the Speakership of the next Congress.

GENERAL SHERMAN and family have taken up their residence in St. Louis, and will make that city their future home.

ARCHBISHOP BLANCHET, a Catholic missionary in Oregon for over fifty years, consecrated Bishop in 1845, died yesterday.

The residence of Ezekiel M. Patterson, of New Brunswick, N. J., was robbed of \$12,000 in bonds and gold during the absence of the family.

Reports from Northern Illinois, Iowa, and Southern Wisconsin state the wet weather has seriously damaged the corn crop.

Decrees of the court have been entered permitting Mrs. Frances Maria Scoville, sister of Charles J. Gilman, and the divorced wife of George Scoville, to change her name to Francis Marie Howe.

A MOVEMENT to the Confederate dead was unveiled yesterday in Camden, S. C. All parts of the State and North Carolina to 12,000 persons were represented. Wade Hampton delivered an oration.

THE carriage in which George Washington rode when President has been on exhibition in Philadelphia. It is owned by B. Richardson, of that city, and will probably be sent to the Louisville exhibition.

A STATE convention of Illinois sheriffs was held in Decatur yesterday. Fifty counties in the State were represented. The association formed plans by which the criminal laws are to be more easily and effectively enforced.

NEW YORK Aldermen adopted a resolution that from the 15th of June to the 15th of September of every year, until otherwise ordered, all mechanics and laborers of the city government shall quit work at noon on Saturdays without an abatement of their wages.

JUDGE TREAT's decision denying preliminary injunctions on some of the barbed wire patents held by the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company, is the subject of a circular sent out by that company to their licensees and customers. They state the decision is only on preliminary questions, and that a final hearing is to be had in the same Court this fall. If the result there is the same the questions will be taken to the United States Supreme Court.

THOS. H. RYAN, in a New York court, was given judgment in a writ against John Traynor, in which plaintiff asked for \$15,000 damages. The defendant shot Ryan in a shooting gallery and answered to his complaint that he did not know the gun was loaded. Ryan then charged carelessness instead of maliciousness, which Traynor failed to answer, and judgment was given by default, the amount of damages to be assessed by a sheriff's jury.

An unmarried woman named Koon, having relations in Pierceston, Ind., was found alone with her dead baby newly born in a large boarding house in Valparaiso that State. With a woman not identified she rented the room a week previously, and Miss Koon on taking possession, her companion departing, shut out all intrusion, concealing her condition, until discovered lying on the floor in wild delirium. All that time she had been without attendance.

American Wheat in Italy.

ROME, June 20.—The opposition to placing import duty on American wheat is developing strongly under the representations that while Italy's soil is fertile, her wheat fields make but a small return, averaging not more than twelve bushels to the acre. The causes of this are to be found in very primitive methods of cultivation still in general use, by which the real richness of the ground is not developed, and in the almost unbearable burdens of taxation imposed upon the people, which discourage the application of capital to farming and prevent the adoption of modern improved forms of agricultural machinery.

CITY ITEMS.

Advertisements inserted under this heading 10c per line for each insertion.

Try Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

New style Stockinette Jerseys at Hunt & Doyle's. mar31day

New style lace curtain poles, red Scotch shading, shade fixtures, &c., at HUNT & DOYLE'S.

LINEN and Mohair ulsters, large lot, also Jap pannels 15 cents each, at Hunt & Doyle's.

BOOK BINDERY.—Persons desiring book binding will leave it at any of the book stores. j242w H. H. COX.

EXCURSIONISTS, get your accident insurance ticket before you leave. It costs but 25 cents a day for a \$3,000 ticket. M. F. MARSH, Agent.

I OFFER for sale my book and stationery business, stock fixtures and all complete. This is a rapidly increasing and profitable business and is a rare chance for any one. For terms and reasons for selling apply to FRANK R. PRINSTER.

RETAIL MARKET.

Corrected daily by G. W. GEISEL, grocer, Second street, Maysville, Ky.
FLOUR.

Limestone.....	7 25
Maysville Family.....	6 25
Old Gold.....	7 25
Mason County.....	6 50
Kentucky Mills.....	6 25
Butter, #1.....	15 25
Eggs, #1.....	15
Meat #1.....	20
Chickens.....	15 25
Molasses, fancy.....	75
Coal Oil, #1.....	20
Sugar, granulated #1.....	11
" A. #1.....	10
" yellow #1.....	8 25
Bacon, breakfast #1.....	15
Hominy, #1.....	20
Beans #1.....	40
Potatoes #1.....	40
Coffee.....	12 25

DAILY STAGE LINE.

Lower Blue Licks to Maysville Daily.

Leave Blue Licks at 5 o'clock a. m., and returning will leave Maysville at 2:30 p. m. Good stages and careful drivers. JOSEPH H. BROWN.

WANTS.

WANTED—A good tinner. Apply to EGNEW & ALLEN. j24dw

LEFT HOME—On the 13th my son Henry aged twelve years. Any one informing me of his whereabouts will oblige his father. HENRY MERGARD. j24dw

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A house containing two good rooms and a kitchen. Water furnished. Also a large yard. Apply to FRANK DEVINE. j24dw

FOR RENT—Thirty acres of Clover ready to mow. Apply at once to S. N. NEWELL. j24dw

FOR RENT—A two story frame house in Clifton containing five rooms and kitchen with stable, buggy house, all necessary out buildings. Apply to Ed. Leonard, or to j24dw THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two good counters, suitable for any kind of business. Apply to LOUIS MILLER. j24dw

FOUND.

FOUND—Near Orangeburg, discharge papers of Arman Bowen from the army. j24dw Apply at THIS OFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE SUN ONE MILLION A WEEK.

Decided opinions expressed in language that can be understood; the promptest, fullest and most accurate intelligence of what ever in the wide world is worth attention. That is what everybody is sure to find in any edition of THE SUN. Subscriptions: DAILY, (4 pages), by mail, \$5 a month, or \$50 a year; SUNDAY (8 pages), \$1.20 per year; WEEKLY (8 pages), \$1.00 per year. I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher, N. Y. City.

PERFECTION SAVES PRICE IN ONCE USING. WINDOW REMOVES drudgery of window cleaning. Ask your merchant for it, or send 35c for sample by mail. PERFECTION WINDOW CLEANER CO., j24dw Chicago, Ill.

PUBLIC SALE.

WE will offer at Public Sale on Tuesday, June 26th, at two o'clock, p. m., at our Carriage Factory, at Trotting Sulky, the property of Frank Camden. It will be sold to pay for the repairs. WILSON & DETRICH. j24dw

FOR PURITY AND STRENGTH

—USE—

TREASURE BAKING POWDER.

Every can guaranteed and for sale by all grocers. Manufactured by E. R. WEBSTER & CO., j24dw Cincinnati, Ohio.

Windhorst & Blum, FASHIONABLE MERCHANT TAILORS.

Have just received their Spring Stock of Imported and Domestic Goods of the latest styles, prices reasonable and work the best. quality.

WHITE GOODS.

We offer, commencing this week, great bargains in WHITE GOODS, LACES, &c. Checked Nainsooks at 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c. a yard. India Linens at 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20, 25 and 30c. per yard. Figured Swisses at 12 1-2, 16 2-3, 20, 25 and 30c. per yard. Lace Striped Piques at 15, 20 and 25c. per yard. Large stock of Laces at very LOW prices. J. W. SPARKS & BRO., No. 24, Market Street.

BEST 5 CENT CIGARS

"ST. JULIAN"

"ELECTRIC."

—Manufactured by:—

JAS. S. REDMOND.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

14,508 Boxes sold in a year by ONE Druggist of

SELLERS LIVER PILLS

Act Directly on the Liver. CURES GOUT, GRAVEL, RHEUMATISM, BILIOUS COLIC, CONSTIPATION, HEMORRHOIDS, PILES, CALCULI OF THE BLADDER, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, CHOLIC, INDIGESTION, SLEEPLESSNESS, AND ALL DISORDERS OF THE LIVER AND STOMACH. If you do not feel very well, a single pill at bed-time stimulates the stomach, restores the appetite, imparts vigor to the system.

ALL DRUGGISTS & GENERAL DEALERS. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

NEW FIRM.

JOSEPH H. DODSON will remove his grain business, on the 1st of July, from the present stand on Sutton street, where he has been engaged the past ten years, to the grange warehouse, corner of Second and Wall streets opposite Drifton's stable, where it will be conducted by his successors, DODSON & FRAZEE. The new firm will continue the Grain, Leaf Tobacco and Coal business in all of its branches and keep on hand the best grades of Pomeroy, Semi-cannel and Raymond City Kanawha and Blacksmith coal. Offices: corner of Wall and Second and coal office and yard Front street above lower grade. j24dw DODSON & FRAZEE.

THE CROP OUTLOOK.

An Exceedingly Good Growth of Spring Wheat.

No Improvement in the Prospects of the Winter Crop—Corn very late.

MILWAUKEE, June 21.—Reports from nearly all parts of the West and Northwest, show that the past week has been marked by changes and a considerable rain fall. Some low sections of the spring wheat States report damage to the growing grain, resulting from continuous heavy rains. These reports, however, are not numerous, and, so far, do not excite apprehension. All observers report the condition of growing spring wheat as exceedingly good, and the outlook most promising.

There is no special change in the character of reports concerning the condition of winter wheat in the Middle States; and there is certainly no improvement in the prospects for the crop. In spite of the wide criticism with which estimates of the falling off in the wheat crop were received, the entire country has gradually come to accept those estimates as at least approximately correct, and some authorities put the figures even lower than did the correspondents.

A large deficit is now conceded, with the contingencies of the season still to expect. The large increase in the acreage of spring wheat, of which so much was said a few weeks ago by correspondents, has appeared to shrink till the best authorities now accept the correspondents' figures, on a basis of five per cent increase, as correct.

CORN VERY LATE.

All through the West and the Northwest the season has been so backward that corn is very late. In Minnesota and Wisconsin the prospect for the corn crop is very poor. These States, however, do not make much of a figure in the corn crop of the country. Reports from the real corn belts are irregular and unsatisfactory, and not sufficiently definite to furnish a good basis for estimates as to the probable crop. The general tone of such reports as are received is favorable, and, with good weather, there is a prospect of a fair crop. The receipts of corn at most trading points continued large during the early part of the week but have fallen off during the last few days, and the prospect now is for a steady volume of supplies on a somewhat reduced scale.

Lumber Movements.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., June 20.—The rivers under the late heavy rains are enabling lumbermen to get out rapidly their bung-up drives. Latest calculations place the amount of logs back on the Chippewa of last winter's cut at 300,000,000 feet, principally owned by the pool. This company, which is the wealthiest corporation in the United States, got in over 600,000,000 feet in the Chippewa pineries the past winter, and are making calculations to cut from 700,000,000 to 800,000,000 the coming winter. The inlets to the St. Croix are coming up rapidly, and driving operations on that river have been attended with notable success of late. Shipments from this city at present are averaging at the rate of from eighty to one hundred car loads per week, consigned chiefly to points in Kansas and Nebraska.

An Aeronaut Falls From a Height of a Thousand Feet.

FAYETTE, Mo., June 21.—Mr. E. L. Stewart made an ascension in a balloon at this place. The sky was overcast at the time threatening rain, and quite a gale was blowing. After ascending to the height of about a thousand feet, and when over Bonne Femme Creek, the balloon was seen to collapse, precipitating the unfortunate aeronaut into the water below. A rush was at once made to the point where the body was seen to strike, but it was not until 10 o'clock at night that the body was recovered. The balloon was old and of poor construction, and was inflated with hot air. There was a rent in its side fully six feet long, which let the air out with a rush, and hurled the aeronaut to instant death.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Wheat—No. 2 regular, \$1.04 1/2; No. 1, \$1.04 1/2; No. 3, \$1.04 1/2; No. 4, \$1.04 1/2; No. 5, \$1.04 1/2; No. 6, \$1.04 1/2; No. 7, \$1.04 1/2; No. 8, \$1.04 1/2; No. 9, \$1.04 1/2; No. 10, \$1.04 1/2; No. 11, \$1.04 1/2; No. 12, \$1.04 1/2; No. 13, \$1.04 1/2; No. 14, \$1.04 1/2; No. 15, \$1.04 1/2; No. 16, \$1.04 1/2; No. 17, \$1.04 1/2; No. 18, \$1.04 1/2; No. 19, \$1.04 1/2; No. 20, \$1.04 1/2; No. 21, \$1.04 1/2; No. 22, \$1.04 1/2; No. 23, \$1.04 1/2; No. 24, \$1.04 1/2; No. 25, \$1.04 1/2; No. 26, \$1.04 1/2; No. 27, \$1.04 1/2; No. 28, \$1.04 1/2; No. 29, \$1.04 1/2; No. 30, \$1.04 1/2; No. 31, \$1.04 1/2; No. 32, \$1.04 1/2; No. 33, \$1.04 1/2; No. 34, \$1.04 1/2; No. 35, \$1.04 1/2; No. 36, \$1.04 1/2; No. 37, \$1.04 1/2; No. 38, \$1.04 1/2; No. 39, \$1.04 1/2; No. 40, \$1.04 1/2; No. 41, \$1.04 1/2; No. 42, \$1.04 1/2; No. 43, \$1.04 1/2; No. 44, \$1.04 1/2; No. 45, \$1.04 1/2; No. 46, \$1.04 1/2; No. 47, \$1.04 1/2; No. 48, \$1.04 1/2; No. 49, \$1.04 1/2; 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